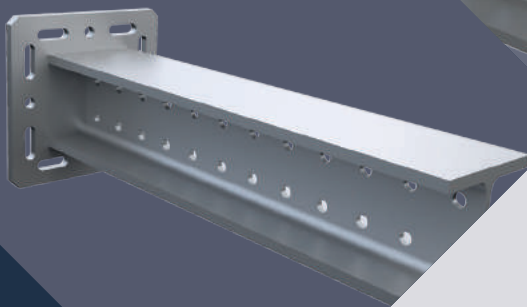
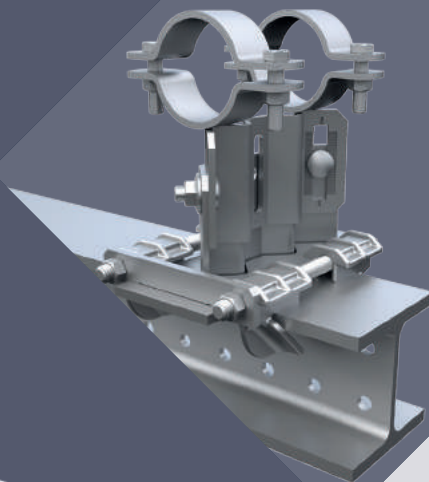
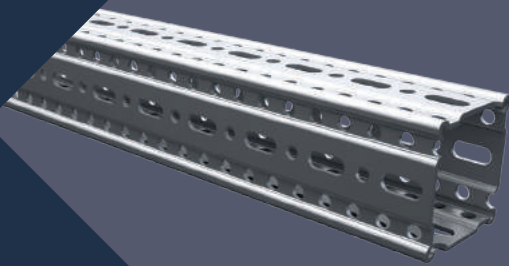




Modular Steelwork

Installation Guidelines 2016

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Application

Sikla „Installation Guidelines“ is intended to provide guidance for supporting constructions within industrial pipework and plant engineering consisting of the Sikla Systems Framo 80, Framo 100, Beam System 100 and Beam System 120.

All Sikla Systems mentioned above are certified according to EN 1090 and may therefore be used to EXC 2 for load-bearing structures.

Basis of calculation

Eurocode 3 (DIN EN 1993) „Design of steel structures“ provides the basis for determining the load capacity. Regarding serviceability the specified restrictions are allocated separately according to the design of the individual constructions. These limits may also be specified differently by the client. All deformations are determined on the basis of characteristic loads ($\gamma_F = 1.0$). The values of the permissible loads comply simultaneously the ultimate limit state and the serviceability limit state design. The respective governing load is listed as $F_{z, perm}$ in the Installation Guideline.

Load effects

Specified are permissible vertical loads $F_{z, perm}$ in kN (e.g. pipeline weights), which have to be understood as maximum values of characteristic load effects and consider a safety factor $\gamma_F = 1.35$.

Some Sikla constructions take into account additional friction forces $F_x = F_z \cdot \mu_0$ for Sikla Pipe Shoes based on hot-dipped galvanized surface of Sikla beams which are calculated from pipe weight F_z and a friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$. These variable forces from pipe expansion are taken into account with a safety factor $\gamma_F = 1.5$. Sliding or guided Pipe Shoes (Sikla slide elements) with a higher coefficient $\mu_0 > 0.2$ (e.g. steel on steel) require an individual calculation.

Conditions

All loads are static loads at room temperature unless stated otherwise. Technical notes of the respective product data sheets for use and application range must be observed.

Load transmission into building structure

When fixing by anchors, or connection to existing cast-in channels, the structural safety analysis for the components used for this purpose must be done separately. When connecting to existing steel structures on site, resilience, support and torsional rigidity of the existing structure must be checked separately. In addition, when connecting with clamping sets, the static friction between clamping set and the on-site steel structure must fulfill the condition $\mu_0 \geq 0.2$ (Sliding Surfaces Class D). On-site steel structure sizes (flange widths) of ≥ 100 mm are considered by using clamps for connection points.

Unless shown otherwise: force direction F_x = steel structure longitudinal axis.

Connections to concrete are designed with anchor type VMZ-A M12 (ETA-10/0260) in concrete strength C20/C25 under the design specifications $h_{std} \geq 2 h_{ef}$ edge distance $c \geq 120$ mm. Axis distances are determined by the components.

Reduction factor $\alpha_A = 0.7$ for structural steel flange sizes ≥ 201 mm for End Support WBD F100 + F100/160.

Technical Information

Installation conditions are summarized at the end of this brochure - in particular specifications regarding tightening torques, bolt spacing, general installation instructions etc.

Recyclebility of Products

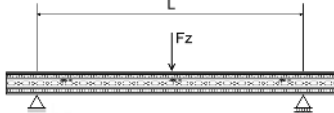
Products must only be re-used if the recommended working loads have not been previously exceeded and if the coating has not been discernibly damaged.

General Remarks/ Disclaimer

This document is solely for being used by the receiver but remains property of Sikla. The technical drawings and all other content are to the best of our knowledge. Pictures and illustrations are non-committing. We can not be held responsible for printing errors and their implications. We reserve the right of making alterations and improvements without notice.

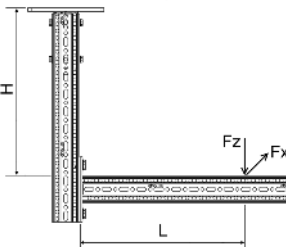
The present Guideline allows the user to select and to design supporting structures (constructions) easily. This document has been prepared in close cooperation with the following external specialists.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section TP F 80 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	13.9
	1500	9.2
	2000	7.0
	2500	4.6
	3000	3.2

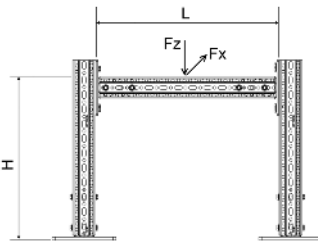
Part List
1 x Beam Section TP F 80

F_z as a dead load at $L/2$.
Max. bending $L/200$.

L- Construction F 80 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
			[kN]	[kN]
	500	300	2.5	2.5
		500	1.5	1.5
		700	1.0	1.0
	1000	300	1.8	1.8
		500	1.1	1.1
		700	0.8	0.8
	1500	300	1.4	1.4
		500	0.9	0.9
		700	0.6	0.6

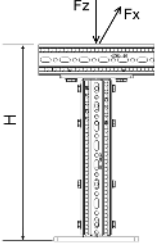
Part List
1 x Beam Section TP F 80
1 x End Support WBD F 80
1 x Cantilever Bracket AK F 80
8 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L from pipe expansion/friction.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $H/100$; $L/100$.

Frame F 80 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
			[kN]	[kN]
	1000	1000	20.0	17.2
		1500	14.5	11.6
		2000	11.0	8.7
	1500	1000	20.0	9.2
		1500	14.5	8.9
		2000	11.0	8.6

Part List
3 x Beam Section TP F 80
2 x End Support WBD F 80
2 x End Support STA F 80
24 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

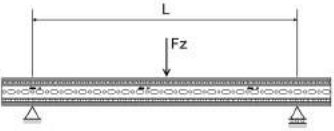
F_z as dead load at distance $L/2$; F_x as a variable load at distance $L/2$ from pipe expansion/friction.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $H/100$; max. bending $L/200$.

T- Support F 80 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
		[kN]	[kN]
	500	10.0	10.0
	1000	10.0	4.0
	1500	10.0	2.3

Part List
2 x Beam Section TP F 80
1 x End Support WBD F 80
1 x End Support STA F 80
12 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

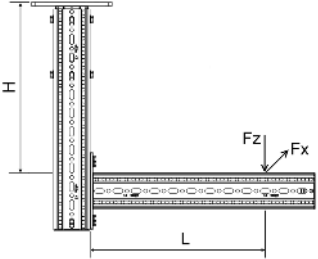
F_z as dead load; F_x as a variable load from pipe expansion/friction.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $H/100$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section TP F 100 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	35.3
	2000	17.5
	3000	10.1
	4000	5.7
	5000	3.6
	6000	2.5

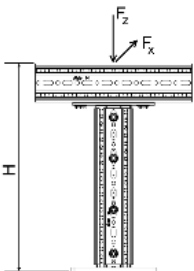
Part List
1 x Beam Section TP F 100

F_z as a dead load at $L/2$.
Max. bending $L/200$.

L- Construction F 100 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
			[kN]	[kN]
	1000	300	3.20	3.20
		500	2.05	2.05
		700	1.48	1.48
		900	1.14	1.14
		1100	0.91	0.91
	1500	300	2.72	2.72
		500	1.75	1.75
		700	1.27	1.27
		900	0.98	0.98
		1100	0.78	0.78
	2000	300	2.37	2.37
		500	1.53	1.53
		700	1.11	1.11
		900	0.85	0.85
		1100	0.68	0.68
	2500	300	2.10	2.10
		500	1.36	1.36
		700	0.98	0.98
		900	0.76	0.76
		1100	0.60	0.60

Part List
1 x Beam Section TP F 100
1 x End Support WBD F 100
1 x Cantilever Bracket AK F 100
8 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L from pipe expansion/friction.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $H/100$; $L/100$.

T- Support F 100 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
		[kN]	[kN]
	1500	12.8	4.5
	2000	12.7	3.1
	2500	12.7	2.2
	3000	12.6	1.7

Part List
1 x End Support WBD F 100
2 x Beam Section TP F 100
1 x End Support STA F 100
12 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load; F_x as a variable load from pipe expansion/friction.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $H/150$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Frame F 100		$F_{z, perm}$ for	
H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 \cdot F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
1500	1000	27.09	12.59
	1500	25.28	12.26
	2000	19.48	11.85
	2500	15.83	11.10
	3000	12.00	10.22
	3500	9.26	8.70
	4000	7.38	6.94
2000	1000	27.09	8.83
	1500	25.30	8.70
	2000	19.49	8.51
	2500	15.85	8.21
	3000	11.90	7.83
	3500	9.16	7.37
	4000	7.30	6.83
2500	1000	27.09	6.56
	1500	25.31	6.51
	2000	19.19	6.42
	2500	15.86	6.30
	3000	11.81	6.11
	3500	9.07	5.88
	4000	7.22	5.58
3000	1000	27.09	5.11
	1500	24.79	5.08
	2000	19.19	5.04
	2500	15.65	4.97
	3000	11.90	4.87
	3500	9.02	4.73
	4000	7.17	4.58
3500	1000	27.09	4.10
	1500	24.80	4.08
	2000	19.20	4.06
	2500	15.66	4.02
	3000	11.63	3.96
	3500	9.11	3.89
	4000	7.12	3.79
4000	1000	27.09	3.37
	1500	24.80	3.36
	2000	19.20	3.34
	2500	15.63	3.32
	3000	11.90	3.28
	3500	8.88	3.24
	4000	7.19	3.18

Part List

2 x End Support WBD F 100

3 x Beam Section TP F 100

2 x End Support STA F 100

24 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

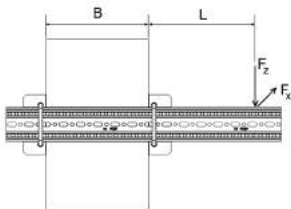
F_z as dead load at distance $L/2$; F_x as a variable load at distance $L/2$ from pipe expansion/friction.

Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.

Max. deviation $H/100$; max. bending $L/200$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Joining Beam Bracket F 100 vertical



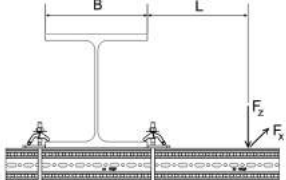
L_{max}	B	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
		$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 \cdot F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	100	0.59	0.56
	150	0.88	0.84
	200	1.11	1.06
	250	1.29	1.24
	300	1.45	1.39
500	100	0.39	0.37
	150	0.60	0.58
	200	0.79	0.75
	250	0.94	0.90
	300	1.08	1.03
700	100	0.29	0.28
	150	0.46	0.44
	200	0.61	0.58
	250	0.74	0.71
	300	0.86	0.83
900	100	0.23	0.22
	150	0.37	0.35
	200	0.50	0.48
	250	0.61	0.59
	300	0.72	0.69
1100	100	0.19	0.18
	150	0.31	0.30
	200	0.42	0.40
	250	0.52	0.50
	300	0.61	0.59

Part List

1 x Beam Section TP F 100
2 x U-Holder SB F 100-40

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation L/100.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Joining Beam Bracket F 100 horizontal		L_{max} [mm]	B [mm]	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
				$F_x = 0$ [kN]	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$ [kN]
		300	100	2.36	1.12
			150	3.51	1.67
			200	4.43	2.10
			250	5.17	2.45
			300	5.79	2.75
		500	100	1.55	0.74
			150	2.41	1.14
			200	3.14	1.49
			250	3.77	1.79
			300	4.32	2.05
		700	100	1.16	0.55
			150	1.83	0.87
			200	2.43	1.15
			250	2.96	1.41
			300	3.44	1.63
		900	100	0.92	0.44
			150	1.48	0.70
			200	1.98	0.94
			250	2.44	1.16
			300	2.86	1.36
		1100	100	0.77	0.36
			150	1.24	0.59
			200	1.67	0.79
			250	2.08	0.99
			300	2.45	1.16

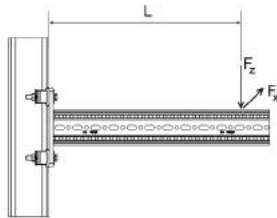
Part List

1 x Beam Section TP F 100
2 x U-Holder SB F 100-40

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation L/100.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

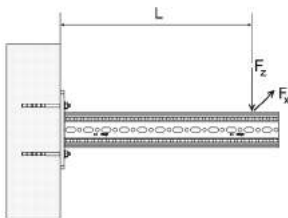
Beam Bracket F 100



Variant a) clamped

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	10.86	6.74
500	6.52	4.05
700	4.66	2.89
900	3.62	2.25
1100	2.96	1.84

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation L/100.



Variant b) anchored

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	6.17	6.17
500	4.74	4.74
700	3.85	3.85
900	3.09	3.09
1100	2.53	2.53

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation L/100.

Variant c) infinitely rigid

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	27.33	24.42
500	17.02	16.47
700	10.57	10.57
900	7.27	7.27
1100	5.33	5.33

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation L/100.

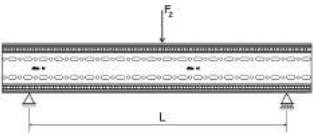
Part List

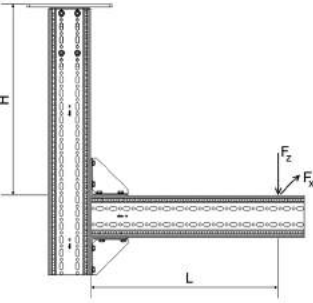
1 x Beam Bracket TKO F 100

and variable

- a) 1 x Assembly Set P2 S
- b) 4 x Injection system VMZ-A (M12/100)
- c) infinitely rigid

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section TP F 100/160 		L_{max} [mm]	$F_{z, perm}$ [kN]	
		1000	72.1	
		2000	35.9	
		3000	23.8	
		4000	17.6	
		5000	11.3	
		6000	7.8	
Part List 1 x Beam Section TP F 100/160		F_z as dead load at distance $L/2$. Max. deflection $L/200$.		

L- Construction F 100/160 		H_{max} [mm]	L_{max} [mm]	$F_{z, perm}$ for $F_x = 0$ [kN]		$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$ [kN]
			300	4.84		4.84
			500	3.22		3.22
		1000	700	2.38		2.38
			900	1.87		1.87
			1100	1.53		1.53
			300	4.40		4.40
		1500	500	2.94		2.94
			700	2.18		2.18
			900	1.71		1.71
			1100	1.40		1.40
			300	4.04		4.03
		2000	500	2.71		2.71
			700	2.01		2.01
			900	1.58		1.58
			1100	1.29		1.29
			300	3.72		3.72
		2500	500	2.51		2.51
			700	1.87		1.87
			900	1.47		1.47
			1100	1.20		1.20
			300	3.46		3.46
		3000	500	2.34		2.34
			700	1.74		1.74
			900	1.37		1.37
			1100	1.12		1.12
			300	3.23		3.23
		3500	500	2.19		2.19
			700	1.63		1.63
			900	1.28		1.28
			1100	1.04		1.04
			300	3.02		3.02
		4000	500	2.05		2.05
			700	1.53		1.53
			900	1.20		1.20
			1100	0.98		0.98
Part List 1 x End Support WBD F 100/160 2 x Beam Section TP F 100/160 2 x Corner Bracket WD F 100 24 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F		F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L . Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction. Max. deviation $H/100$; $L/100$.				

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Frame F 100/160		$F_{z, perm}$ for	
H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
1500	1000	33.47	9.46
	1500	33.25	9.46
	2000	33.05	9.33
	2500	32.73	9.33
	3000	27.83	9.33
	3500	24.20	9.33
	4000	21.58	9.19
2000	1000	33.60	7.42
	1500	33.15	7.33
	2000	33.15	7.33
	2500	32.33	7.33
	3000	27.55	7.33
	3500	24.23	7.25
	4000	21.45	7.25
2500	1000	33.60	5.95
	1500	33.15	5.89
	2000	33.15	5.89
	2500	32.37	5.89
	3000	27.57	5.84
	3500	24.03	5.84
	4000	21.47	5.79
3000	1000	33.17	5.03
	1500	33.15	5.03
	2000	33.15	5.03
	2500	32.37	4.99
	3000	27.30	4.99
	3500	24.05	4.99
	4000	21.30	4.95
3500	1000	33.15	4.31
	1500	33.15	4.31
	2000	33.15	4.31
	2500	31.97	4.28
	3000	27.30	4.28
	3500	23.83	4.25
	4000	21.30	4.25
4000	1000	33.15	3.83
	1500	33.15	3.83
	2000	33.15	3.83
	2500	31.99	3.80
	3000	27.31	3.80
	3500	23.84	3.78
	4000	21.12	3.76

Part List

2 x End Support WBD F 100/160

3 x Beam Section TP F 100/160

4 x Corner Bracket WD F 100

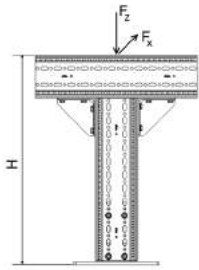
48 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load at distance $L/2$; F_x as a variable load at distance $L/2$.

Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.

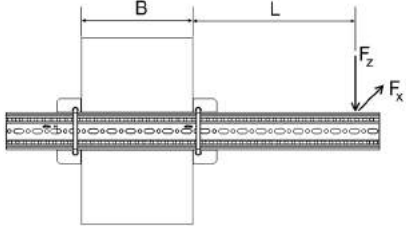
Max. deviation $H/100$; max. deflection $L/200$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

T- Support F 100/160 		H_{max}		$F_{z, perm}$	
				$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 \cdot F_z$
		[mm]		[kN]	[kN]
		1500		15.3	4.8
		2000		15.3	3.4
		2500		15.2	2.5
		3000		15.1	2.0
		3500		15.0	1.6
		4000		15.0	1.3

Part List
 1 x End Support WBD F 100/160
 2 x Beam Section TP F 100/160
 2 x Corner Bracket WD F 100
 24 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

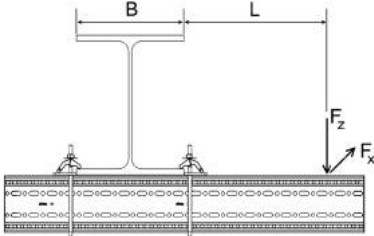
F_z as dead load; F_x as a variable load from pipe expansion/friction.
 Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
 Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
 Max. deviation $H/150$.

Joining Beam Bracket F 100/160 vertical 		L_{max}		B		$F_{z, perm}$ for	
						$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 \cdot F_z$
		[mm]		[mm]		[kN]	[kN]
300				100		0.59	0.56
				150		0.88	0.84
				200		1.11	1.06
				250		1.29	1.24
				300		1.45	1.39
500				100		0.39	0.37
				150		0.60	0.58
				200		0.79	0.75
				250		0.94	0.90
				300		1.08	1.03
700				100		0.29	0.28
				150		0.46	0.44
				200		0.61	0.58
				250		0.74	0.71
				300		0.86	0.83
900				100		0.23	0.22
				150		0.37	0.35
				200		0.50	0.48
				250		0.61	0.59
				300		0.72	0.69
1100				100		0.19	0.18
				150		0.31	0.30
				200		0.42	0.40
				250		0.52	0.50
				300		0.61	0.59

Part List
 1 x Beam Section TP F 100/160
 2 x U-Holder SB F 100/160-40

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
 Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
 Max. deviation $L/100$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Joining Beam Bracket F 100/160 horizontal		L _{max} [mm]	B [mm]	F _{z, perm} for	
				F _x = 0 [kN]	F _x = μ ₀ * F _z [kN]
		300	100	2.36	1.12
			150	3.51	1.67
			200	4.43	2.10
			250	5.17	2.45
			300	5.79	2.75
		500	100	1.55	0.74
			150	2.41	1.14
			200	3.14	1.49
			250	3.77	1.79
			300	4.32	2.05
		700	100	1.16	0.55
			150	1.83	0.87
			200	2.43	1.15
			250	2.96	1.41
			300	3.44	1.63
		900	100	0.92	0.44
			150	1.48	0.70
			200	1.98	0.94
			250	2.44	1.16
			300	2.86	1.36
		1100	100	0.77	0.36
			150	1.24	0.59
			200	1.67	0.79
			250	2.08	0.99
			300	2.45	1.16

Part List

1 x Beam Section TP F 100/160

2 x U-Holder SB F 100/160-40

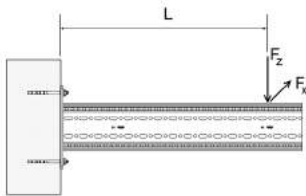
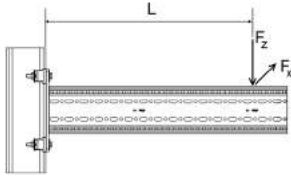
F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.

Friction coefficient μ₀ = 0.2 for friction in longitudinal direction.

Max. deviation L/100.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Bracket F 100/160



Variant a) clamped

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	13.83	8.52
500	8.30	5.11
700	5.93	3.65
900	4.61	2.84
1100	3.77	2.32

F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L .
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $L/100$.

Variant b) anchored

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	6.84	6.84
500	5.50	5.50
700	4.60	4.60
900	3.71	3.71
1100	3.03	3.03

F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L .
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $L/100$.

Variant c) infinitely rigid

$L_{\max}$	$F_{z, \text{perm}}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
300	31.09	25.58
500	20.94	16.92
700	15.79	12.30
900	12.43	9.56
1100	10.17	7.82

F_z as dead load at distance L ; F_x as a variable load at distance L .
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
Max. deviation $L/100$.

Part List

1 x Beam Bracket TKO F 100/160

and variable

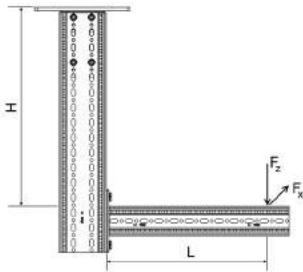
a) 1 x Assembly Set P2 S

b) 4 x Injection system VMZ-A (M12/100)

c) infinitely rigid

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

L- Construction F 100/160 - 100



H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
		$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
1000	300	4.77	4.40
	500	3.11	3.11
	700	2.26	2.26
	900	1.74	1.74
	1100	1.39	1.39
1500	300	4.34	3.44
	500	2.85	2.85
	700	2.08	2.08
	900	1.60	1.60
	1100	1.28	1.28
2000	300	3.98	2.83
	500	2.63	2.52
	700	1.92	1.92
	900	1.49	1.49
	1100	1.19	1.19
2500	300	3.68	2.40
	500	2.44	2.17
	700	1.79	1.79
	900	1.38	1.38
	1100	1.11	1.11
3000	300	3.42	2.08
	500	2.28	1.91
	700	1.67	1.67
	900	1.30	1.30
	1100	1.04	1.04
3500	300	3.19	1.84
	500	2.14	1.70
	700	1.57	1.57
	900	1.22	1.22
	1100	0.98	0.98
4000	300	2.99	1.65
	500	2.01	1.53
	700	1.48	1.43
	900	1.15	1.15
	1100	0.92	0.92

Part List

1 x End Support WBD F 100/160
 1 x Beam Section TP F 100/160
 1 x Cantilever Bracket AK F 100
 12 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load at distance L; F_x as a variable load at distance L.
 Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.
 Max. deviation $H/100$; $L/100$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Frame F 100/160 - 100		$F_{z, perm}$ for	
H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
1500	1000	30.26	9.46
	1500	25.27	9.46
	2000	19.15	9.33
	2500	15.63	9.33
	3000	13.34	9.33
	3500	11.64	9.33
	4000	10.32	8.31
2000	1000	30.49	7.33
	1500	25.28	7.33
	2000	19.17	7.33
	2500	15.64	7.33
	3000	13.35	7.33
	3500	11.54	7.25
	4000	10.33	7.25
2500	1000	30.73	5.95
	1500	24.77	5.89
	2000	19.18	5.89
	2500	15.65	5.89
	3000	13.21	5.84
	3500	11.54	5.84
	4000	10.25	5.79
3000	1000	30.97	5.03
	1500	24.79	5.03
	2000	19.19	5.03
	2500	15.65	4.99
	3000	13.22	4.99
	3500	11.55	4.95
	4000	10.25	4.95
3500	1000	30.97	4.31
	1500	24.79	4.31
	2000	19.20	4.31
	2500	15.66	4.28
	3000	13.22	4.28
	3500	11.55	4.25
	4000	10.25	4.25
4000	1000	30.97	3.83
	1500	24.80	3.83
	2000	19.20	3.80
	2500	15.66	3.80
	3000	13.22	3.78
	3500	11.55	3.78
	4000	10.26	3.76

Part List

2 x End Support WBD F 100/160

2 x Beam Section TP F 100/160

1 x Beam Section TP F 100

2 x End Support STA F 100

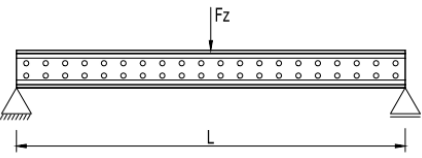
32 x Self-Forming-Screw FLS F

F_z as dead load at distance $L/2$; F_x as a variable load at distance $L/2$ from pipe expansion/friction.

Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ for friction in longitudinal direction.

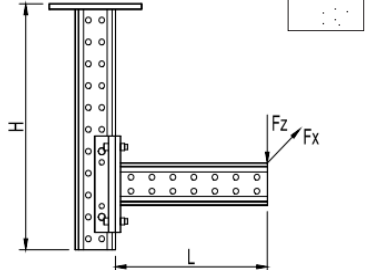
Max. deviation $H/100$; max. bending $L/200$.

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section 100 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	50.0
	1600	31.0
	2000	24.5
	3000	15.0
	4000	10.5
	5000	7.8
	6000	5.9

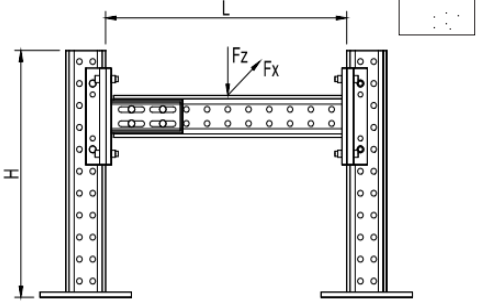
Part List
Sikla- Beam Section H 100

F_z as a dead load at $L/2$; max. bending $L/150$.

L- Construction 100 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	200	4.35	1.73
		600	1.56	0.64
		1000	0.93	0.38
	1000	200	4.35	0.75
		600	1.56	0.31
		1000	0.90	0.18
	1500	200	4.35	0.40
		600	1.36	0.18
		1000	0.80	0.11

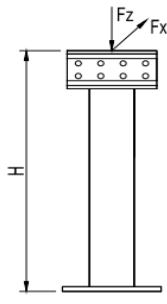
Part List
2 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x Bracket Plates FV 100/120

F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation $H/150$; $L/150$.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Frame 100 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.4	15.0
		2000	16.3	9.9
	1000	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.4	15.0
		2000	16.3	9.9
	1500	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.4	15.0
		2000	16.3	9.9

Part List
3 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x End Support STA 100
2 x Bracket Plates FV 100/120

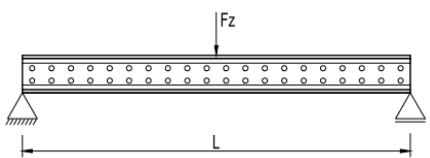
F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load.
Max. bending $L/150$; max. deviation $H/150$.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

T- Support 100 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	200	13.0	13.0
	600	13.0	13.0
	1000	13.0	13.0
	1400	13.0	13.0
	2000	13.0	9.5

Part List
1 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x T-Adapter TA 100

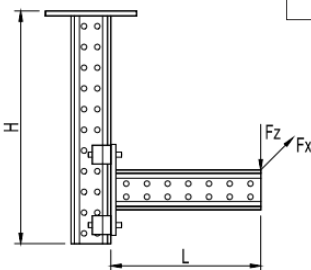
F_z as a dead load; F_x as a variable load; max. deviation $H/150$.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section 100 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	50.0
	1600	31.0
	2000	24.5
	3000	15.0
	4000	10.5
	5000	7.8
	6000	5.9

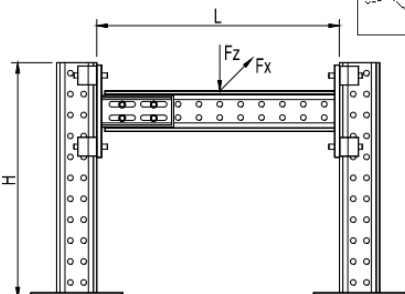
Part List
Sikla- Beam Section H 100

F_z as a dead load at L/2; max. bending L/150.

L- Construction 100 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	200	3.51	3.22
		600	2.67	1.54
		1000	2.13	0.95
	1000	200	3.51	0.96
		600	2.67	0.43
		1000	2.13	0.27
	1500	200	3.51	0.46
		600	2.59	0.22
		1000	1.79	0.14

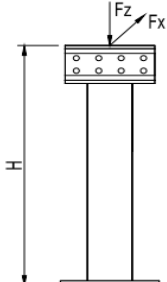
Part List
2 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x Assembly Set P2 S

F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150; L/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Frame 100 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.1	7.9
		2000	8.0	7.8
	1000	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.1	7.9
		2000	8.0	7.8
	1500	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.1	7.9
		2000	8.0	7.8

Part List
3 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x End Support STA 100
2 x Assembly Set P2 S

F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load.
Max. bending L/150; max. deviation H/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

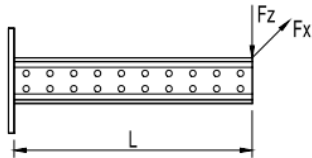
T- Support 100 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	200	13.0	13.0
	600	13.0	13.0
	1000	13.0	13.0
	1400	13.0	13.0
	2000	13.0	9.5

Part List
1 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x T-Adapter TA 100

F_z as a dead load; F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Bracket TKO 100



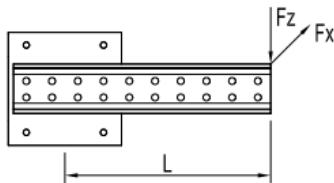
Part List

1 x Beam Bracket TKO 100

L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
No consideration of connection to primary structure:		
200	23.87	18.92
400	11.91	9.44
600	7.91	6.27
800	5.91	4.68
1000	4.69	3.72
1400	3.30	2.61
2000	2.22	1.76
Connection with Assembly Set P2:		
200	3.51	3.22
400	3.03	2.62
600	2.67	2.21
800	2.37	1.90
1000	2.13	1.67
1400	1.76	1.33
2000	1.36	0.99

F_z as a dead load; F_x as a variable load; max. bending $L/150$.

Joining Beam Bracket QKO 100



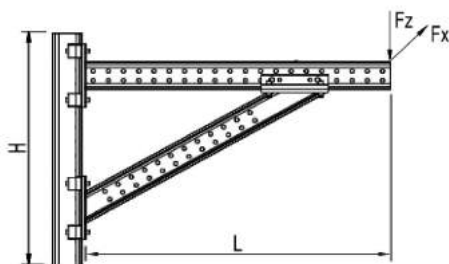
Part List

1 x Joining Beam Bracket QKO q

L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
No consideration of connection to primary structure:		
300	25.8	20.0
500	15.7	13.0
700	11.2	9.5
Connection with Assembly Set P2/P3:		
300	0.62	0.61
500	0.37	0.36
700	0.24	0.24
Connection with Bracket Plates FV:		
300	1.48	1.48
500	0.93	0.93
700	0.66	0.66

F_z as a dead load, F_x as a variable load; max. deviation $L/150$.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Angled Beam Bracket SKO 100



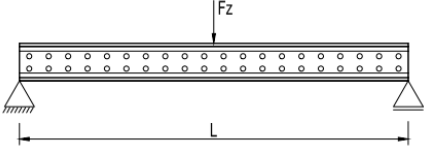
Part List

2 x Beam Bracket TKO 100
1 x Angled Beam Bracket SKO100
2 x Assembly Set P2 S
1 x Bracket Plates FV 100/120

H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
		$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
Inclined to the horizontal Bracket with 60°:			
1000	1000	1.35	0.66
	397	1.85	1.40
2000	1000	1.35	0.10
	397	1.85	0.20
Inclined to the horizontal Bracket with 30°:			
700	1000	1.55	0.80
	678	1.70	1.10
2000	1000	1.55	0.08
	678	1.70	0.11

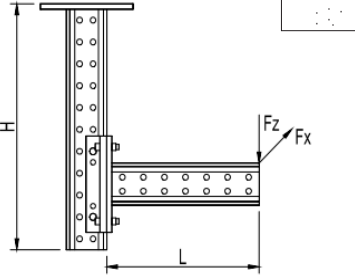
F_z as a dead load, F_x as a variable load; max. bending $L/150$.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section 120 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	98.5
	1600	61.5
	2000	49.5
	3000	31.5
	4000	22.3
	5000	16.8
	6000	13.0

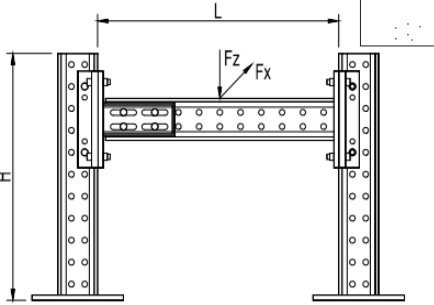
Part List
Sikla- Beam Section H 120

F_z as a dead load at L/2; max. bending L/150.

L- Construction 120 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	200	4.35	2.43
		600	1.59	0.85
		1000	0.96	0.50
	1000	200	4.35	1.45
		600	1.59	0.57
		1000	0.96	0.34
	1500	200	4.35	0.88
		600	1.59	0.40
		1000	0.96	0.24

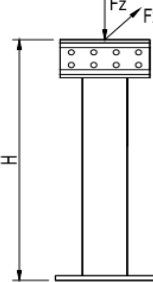
Part List
2 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x Bracker Plates FV 100/120

F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150; L/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Frame 120 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.3	14.9
		2000	16.1	14.7
	1000	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.3	14.9
		2000	16.1	14.7
	1500	500	16.5	15.1
		1000	16.3	14.9
		2000	16.1	14.7

Part List
3 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x End Support STA 120
2 x Bracket Plates FV 100/120

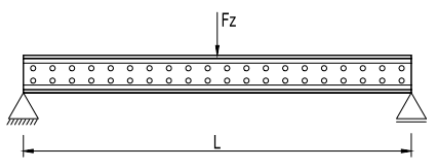
F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load.
Max. bending L/150. max. deviation H/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

T- Support 120 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	200	23.6	23.6
	600	23.6	23.6
	1000	23.6	23.6
	1400	23.6	21.6
	2000	23.6	15.9

Part List
1 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x T-Adapter TA 120

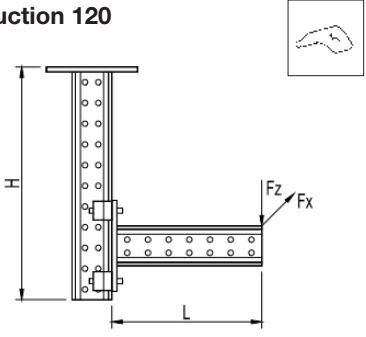
F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Section 120 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$
	[mm]	[kN]
	1000	98.5
	1600	61.5
	2000	49.5
	3000	31.5
	4000	22.3
	5000	16.8
	6000	13.0

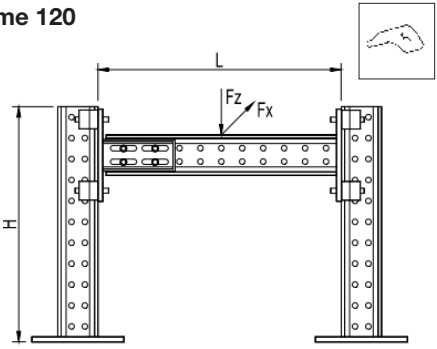
Part List
Sikla- Beam Section H 120

F_z as a dead load at L/2. max. bending L/150.

L- Construction 120 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	200	3.61	3.35
		600	2.86	2.41
		1000	2.34	1.86
	1000	200	3.61	2.59
		600	2.86	1.23
		1000	2.34	0.78
	1500	200	3.61	1.18
		600	2.86	0.62
		1000	2.34	0.39

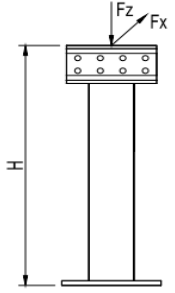
Part List
2 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x Assembly Set P2 S

F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150; L/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Frame 120 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	500	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.0	7.8
		2000	7.8	7.6
	1000	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.0	7.8
		2000	7.8	7.6
	1500	500	8.2	8.0
		1000	8.0	7.8
		2000	7.8	7.6

Part List
3 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x End Support STA 120
2 x Assembly Set P2 S

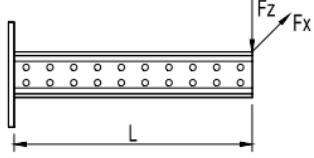
F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load.
Max. bending L/150. max. deviation H/150.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

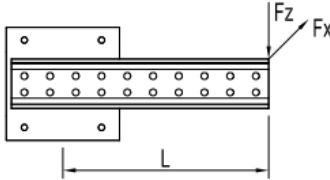
T- Support 120 	H_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
	[mm]	$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	200	23.6	23.6
	600	23.6	23.6
	1000	23.6	23.6
	1400	23.6	21.6
	2000	23.6	15.9

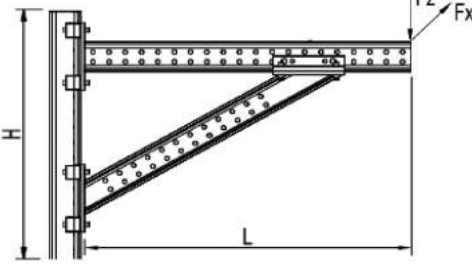
Part List
1 x Beam Bracket TKO 120
1 x T-Adapter TA 120

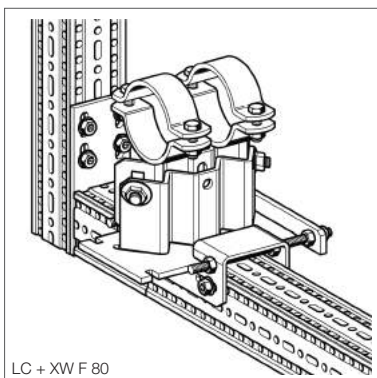
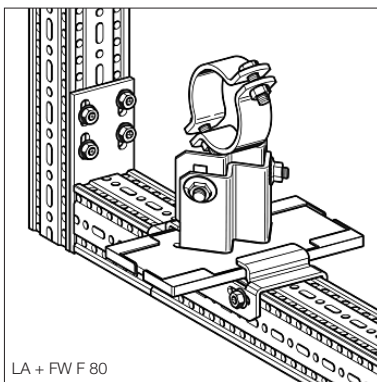
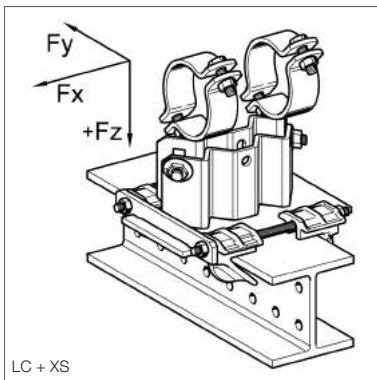
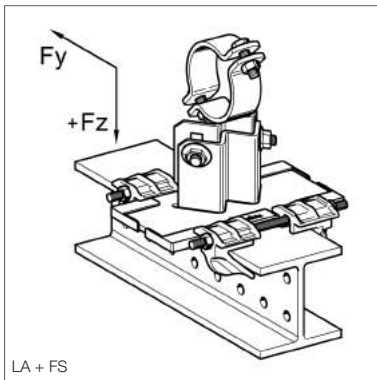
F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation H/150.
Central load introduction for planned eccentricity ± 50 mm off-centre.
Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).

Working loads in accordance with Eurocode 3

Beam Bracket TKO 120 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
		$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
	No consideration of connection to primary structure:		
	200	40.7	31.3
	400	20.3	15.6
	600	13.5	10.4
	800	10.1	7.7
	1000	8.0	6.2
	1400	5.6	4.3
	2000	3.8	2.9
	Connection with Assembly Set P2:		
	200	3.61	3.35
	400	3.20	2.81
	600	2.86	2.41
	800	2.57	2.10
	1000	2.34	1.86
	1400	1.95	1.49
	2000	1.52	1.12
Part List 1 x Beam Bracket TKO 120	F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. bending L/150.		

Joining Beam Bracket QKO 120 	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
		$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
	No consideration of connection to primary structure:		
	300	31.8	25.7
	500	19.4	16.3
	700	13.8	11.9
	Connection with Assembly Set P2/P3:		
	300	0.72	0.69
	500	0.44	0.40
	700	0.29	0.25
	Connection with Bracket Plates FV:		
	300	1.46	1.46
	500	0.90	0.90
	700	0.62	0.62
Part List 1 x Joining Beam Bracket QKO q	F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. deviation L/150. Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).		

Angled Beam Bracket SKO 120 	H_{max}	L_{max}	$F_{z, perm}$ for	
			$F_x = 0$	$F_x = \mu_0 * F_z$
	[mm]	[mm]	[kN]	[kN]
	Inclined to the horizontal Bracket with 60°:			
	1000	1000	1.35	0.66
		397	1.85	1.40
	2000	1000	1.35	0.10
		397	1.85	0.20
	Inclined to the horizontal Bracket with 30°:			
	700	1000	1.55	0.80
		678	1.70	1.10
	2000	1000	1.55	0.08
		678	1.70	0.11
Part List 2 x Beam Bracket TKO 120 1 x Angled Beam Bracket SKO100 2 x Assembly Set P2 S 1 x Bracket Plates FV 100/120	F_z as a dead load. F_x as a variable load; max. bending L/150. Friction coefficient $\mu_0 = 0.2$ (for friction in longitudinal direction).			



Working loads for Pipe Shoes LA, LC and LD - HV

Basis of assessment EC 3.

Pipe Shoe LA - HV + Guiding Set FS resp. Fixed Point Set XS

Pipe Shoe LA - HV + Guiding Bracket FW F resp. Fixed Point Bracket XW F

Height	DN	F_x [kN] Fixed Points only	F_y [kN]	$+F_z$ [kN]	$-F_z$ FS 80/120 [kN]	$-F_z$ FW F [kN]	$-F_z$ XS 80/120 [kN]	$-F_z$ XW F [kN]
90	≤ 25	9.1	5.2	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	32	8.8	4.9	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	40	8.6	4.8	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	50	8.2	4.4	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	65	7.7	3.9	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	80	7.3	3.6	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	100	6.5	2.8	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	125	5.7	2.1	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
90	150	4.7	1.3	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	≤ 25	8.0	4.2	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	32	7.9	3.9	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	40	7.8	3.9	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	50	7.6	3.6	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	65	7.4	3.2	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	80	7.2	3.0	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	100	6.9	2.5	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	125	6.5	2.0	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
150	150	6.1	1.4	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	≤ 25	6.3	3.6	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	32	6.2	3.5	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	40	6.2	3.4	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	50	6.0	3.2	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	65	5.9	3.0	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	80	5.7	2.8	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	100	5.5	2.4	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	125	5.2	2.0	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4
200	150	4.9	1.6	15.4	14	6.1	15.4	15.4

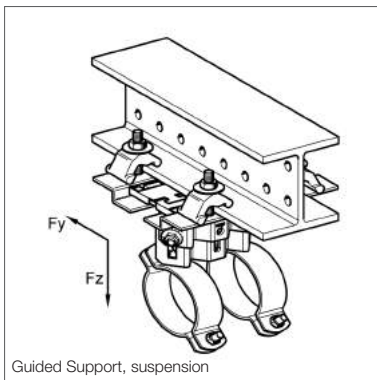
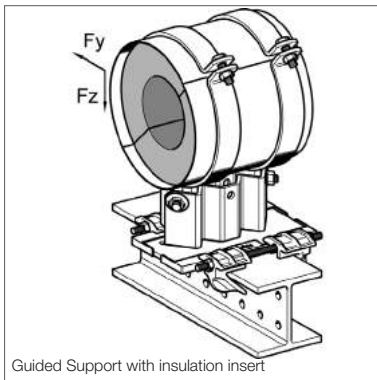


Pipe Shoe LC - HV + Guiding Set FS resp. Fixed Point Set XS
Pipe Shoe LC - HV + Guiding Bracket FW F resp. Fixed Point
Bracket XW F

Height	DN	F _x [kN] Fixed Points only	F _y [kN]	+ F _z [kN]	- F _z FS 80/120 [kN]	- F _z FW F [kN]	- F _z XS 80/120 [kN]	- F _z XW F [kN]
90	≤ 25	14.3	6.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	32	14.1	6.2	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	40	14.0	6.1	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	50	13.9	5.9	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	65	13.6	5.6	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	80	13.5	5.4	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	100	13.1	5.0	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	125	12.7	4.5	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	150	12.3	4.0	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	200	11.6	3.2	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	250	10.8	2.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
90	300	10.1	1.5	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	≤ 25	8.5	4.9	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	32	8.5	4.8	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	40	8.5	4.7	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	50	8.4	4.6	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	65	8.4	4.4	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	80	8.4	4.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	100	8.3	4.0	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	125	8.3	3.7	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	150	8.2	3.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	200	8.1	2.7	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	250	8.0	2.1	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
150	300	7.9	1.5	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	≤ 25	7.3	5.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	32	7.2	5.2	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	40	7.2	5.1	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	50	7.1	4.9	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	65	7.0	4.7	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	80	6.9	4.6	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	100	6.7	4.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	125	6.5	4.0	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	150	6.3	3.6	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	200	5.9	3.0	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	250	5.5	2.3	17.0	14	6.1	17	17
200	300	5.1	1.7	17.0	14	6.1	17	17

Pipe Shoe LD - HV + 2 x Guiding Set FS resp. 2 x Fixed Point Set XS
Pipe Shoe LD - HV + 2 x Guiding Bracket FW F resp. 2 x Fixed Point
Bracket XW F

Height	DN	F _x [kN] Fixed Points only	F _y [kN]	+ F _z [kN]	- F _z FS 80/120 [kN]	- F _z FW F [kN]	- F _z XS 80/120 [kN]	- F _z XW F [kN]
90	≤ 350	25.0	13.1	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
90	400	22.5	11.9	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
90	500	20.8	9.4	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
90	600	10.3	7.2	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
150	≤ 350	25.0	12.9	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
150	400	22.5	11.5	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
150	500	17.3	8.8	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
150	600	8.7	6.3	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
200	≤ 350	25.0	11.3	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
200	400	20.5	10.2	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
200	500	15.7	8.1	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8
200	600	7.5	6.1	32.8	28	12.2	32.8	32.8



Working loads for Supports with insulation insert and suspension

Basis of assessment EC 3.

Pipe Shoe LK - HV + Guiding Set FS

Height	DN	F_y [kN]	$+ F_z$ [kN]
150	25	3.1	3.1
150	32	3.8	3.8
150	40	4.3	4.3
150	50	4.0	3.9
150	65	2.8	2.8
150	80	2.5	2.4
150	100	4.5	17.0
150	125	4.1	17.0
150	150	3.6	17.0
150	200	2.8	17.0
150	250	1.9	17.0
150	300	0.4	17.0

Pipe Shoe LC - HV + Guiding Set FS Z

Height	DN	F_y [kN]	$+ F_z$ [kN]
90	25	5.0	10.0
90	32	4.8	10.0
90	40	4.7	10.0
90	50	4.5	10.0
90	65	4.2	10.0
90	80	4.0	10.0
90	100	3.6	10.0
90	125	3.3	10.0
90	150	3.1	10.0
90	200	2.7	10.0
90	250	2.3	10.0
90	300	1.5	10.0
150	25	3.2	10.0
150	32	3.1	10.0
150	40	3.1	10.0
150	50	3.0	10.0
150	65	2.8	10.0
150	80	2.8	10.0
150	100	2.6	10.0
150	125	2.4	10.0
150	150	2.3	10.0
150	200	2.0	10.0
150	250	1.7	10.0
150	300	1.3	10.0
200	25	2.5	10.0
200	32	2.4	10.0
200	40	2.4	10.0
200	50	2.3	10.0
200	65	2.2	10.0
200	80	2.2	10.0
200	100	2.1	10.0
200	125	2.0	10.0
200	150	1.9	10.0
200	200	1.7	10.0
200	250	1.5	10.0
200	300	1.1	10.0

Supports (Pipe Shoes)

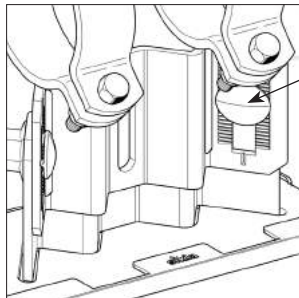
Application

The Sikla height- adjustable Supports (Pipe Shoes; HV 90, HV 150, HV 200) can be used as a Skid, a Guide or as a Fixed Point. The testing process of the individual Support types and the determination of the direction dependent permissible loads was carried out by the independent testing house TÜV Rheinland (Report No. 69617494/01).

Conformity

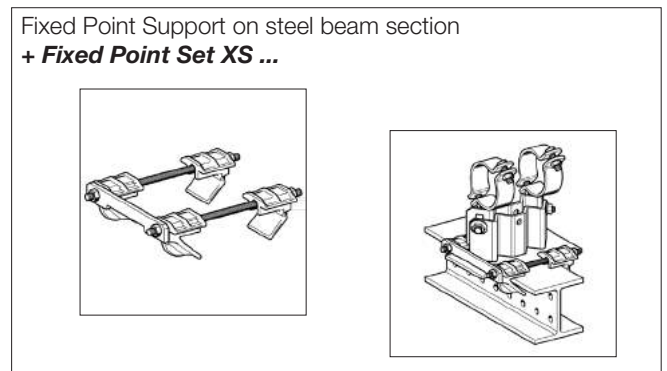
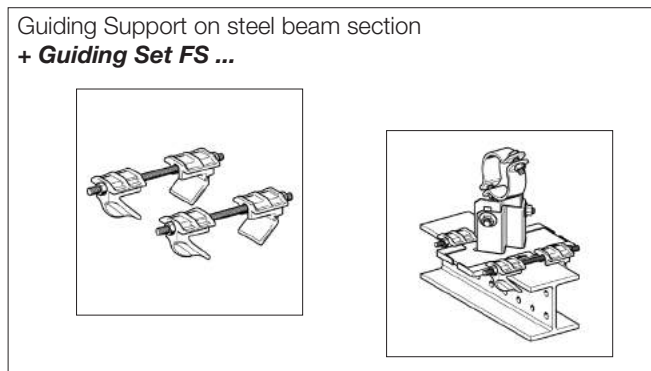
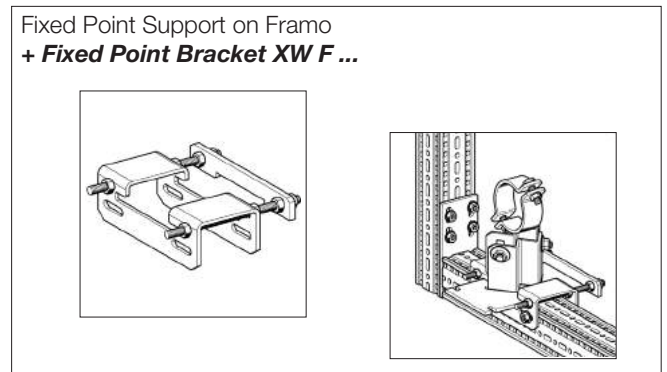
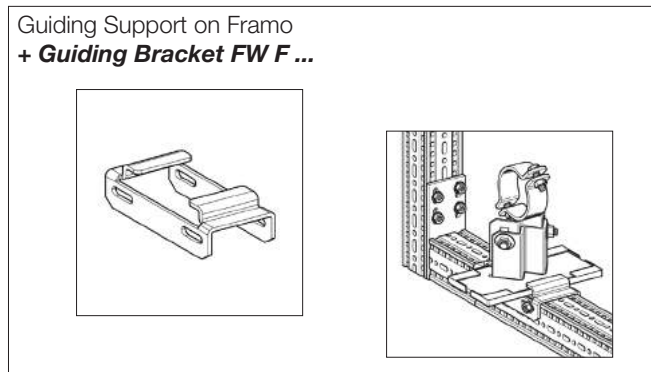
The Sikla Simotec Supports (Pipe Shoes) therefore fulfill DIN EN 13480-3 : 2012-11, where particularly in section 13.3.6.1 it is highlighted that the design of Pipe Support components is in accordance with DIN EN 1993. For every Pipe Support type (incl. required connection kit) a declaration of conformity could be issued in accordance with ISO / IEC 17050.

Installation



Special bolts for height- adjustable connection of lower and upper Pipe Shoe components.
Tightening torque: 80 Nm

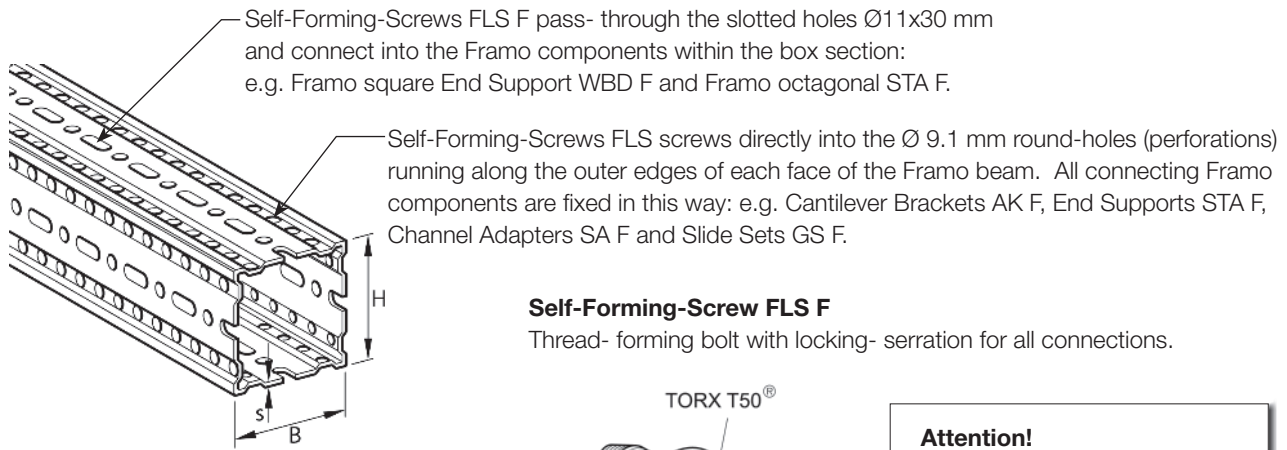
By combining **Pipe Shoe LA or LC** with the steel supporting structure and connecting parts below, it is possible to create a guided pipe shoe or a fixed point pipe shoe:



The dimension of the existing steel beam determines the required type of connection kit.
Can be installed on steel beams with flange width ≤ 300 mm and flange thickness ≤ 30 mm.

Framo

Beam Section TP F 80 and TP F 100

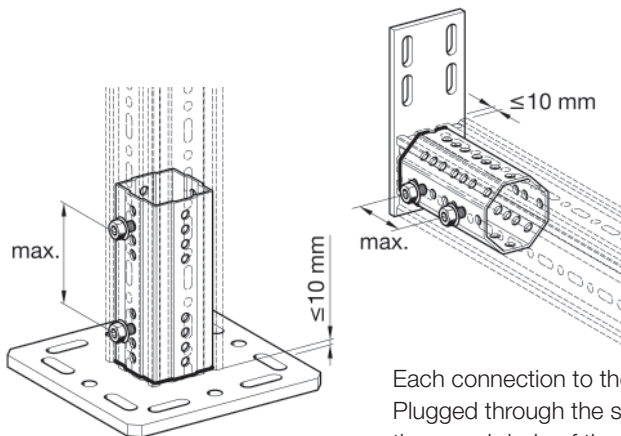


Attention!

► Max. applied torque no more than 60 Nm !

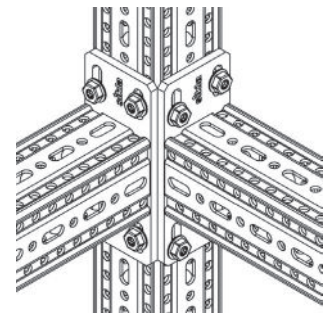
Assembly of Beam Section TP F with WBD-End Support and End Support STA F

For best performance the Self-Forming-Screw FLS F must be applied to both sides in greatest possible distance apart 2 x 2 screws opposite one another.
Distance between end of section and end-plate: ≤ 10 mm.



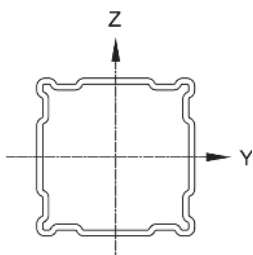
Assembly to Beam Section TP F, e.g. Cantilever Bracket AK F

Offset hole-lines allow for connection at one level without collision of bolts inside the box section for all components with end-plate (e.g. STA F, SA F).
4 Self-Forming-Screws are required to fix each end-plate!



Each connection to the section requires 4 screws!
Plugged through the slotted hole, these will screw into the round- hole of the section underneath.

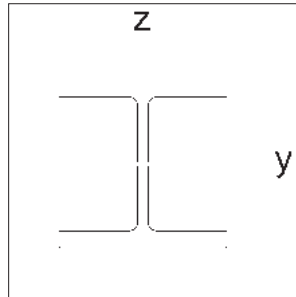
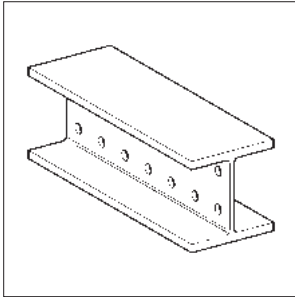
Technical Data



Description Beam Section	Description Axis	Thickn. s	Moment of Inertia I_y	Moment of Inertia I_z	Section Modulus W_y	Section Modulus W_z	Radius of Inertia i_y	Radius of Inertia i_z	Torsional Moment I_t	Cross Section A	Weight G
[mm]		[mm]	[cm ⁴]	[cm ⁴]	[cm ³]	[cm ³]	[cm]	[cm]	[cm ⁴]	[cm ²]	[kg/m]
TP F 80/30		3.0	35.4 ^{*)}	6.7 ^{*)}	10.3 ^{*)}	4.7 ^{*)}	3.63	1.58	11.20	2.69 ^{*)}	4.3
TP F 80/80		3.0	63.4 ^{*)}		15.8 ^{*)}		2.95		98.22 ^{*)}	7.28	6.4
TP F 100/100		4.0	179.8 ^{*)}		36.9 ^{*)}		4.80		181.44	7.80 ^{*)}	10.8
TP F 100/160		4.0	559.4 ^{*)}	280.3 ^{*)}	75.5 ^{*)}	46.2 ^{*)}	6.16	4.36	384.80	14.74 ^{*)}	14.3

Beam Section TP F: Steel, Hot-dipped-galvanized according to DIN EN ISO 1461 tZn o.
All structural data takes perforation into account.
) determination of effective values by tests.

Section data Simotec Beam System 100 / 120



Beam Section	Moment of Inertia [cm ⁴]		Section Modulus [cm ³]		Radius of Inertia [cm]		Torsional Moment [cm ⁴]	Cross Section [cm ²]	Weight [kg/m]
	I_y	I_z	W_y	W_z	i_y	i_z	I_t	A	G
H 100	341	133	71.0	26.7	4.14	2.59	5.15	19.9	16.40
HEA 100	349	134	72.8	26.8	4.06	2.51	5.26	21.2	16.70
H 120	853	317	142.0	52.8	5.13	3.13	13.66	32.3	26.50
HEA 120	864	318	144.0	52.9	5.04	3.06	13.90	34.0	26.70

Remarks

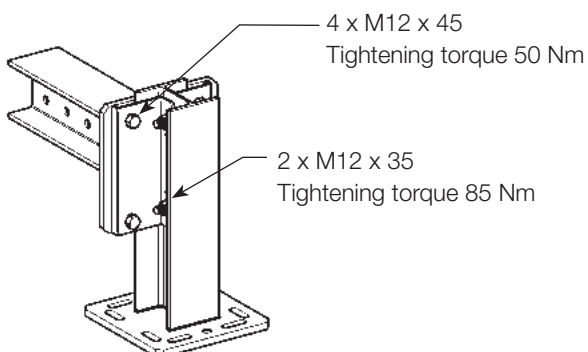
HEA 100 = IPBI 100 as per DIN 1025 Part 3: 1994-03: B100; H 96; Flange 8; Web 5 (EN 53)

HEB 120 = IPB 120 as per DIN 1025 Part 2: 1995-11: B120; H120; Flange11; Web 6,5 (EN 53)

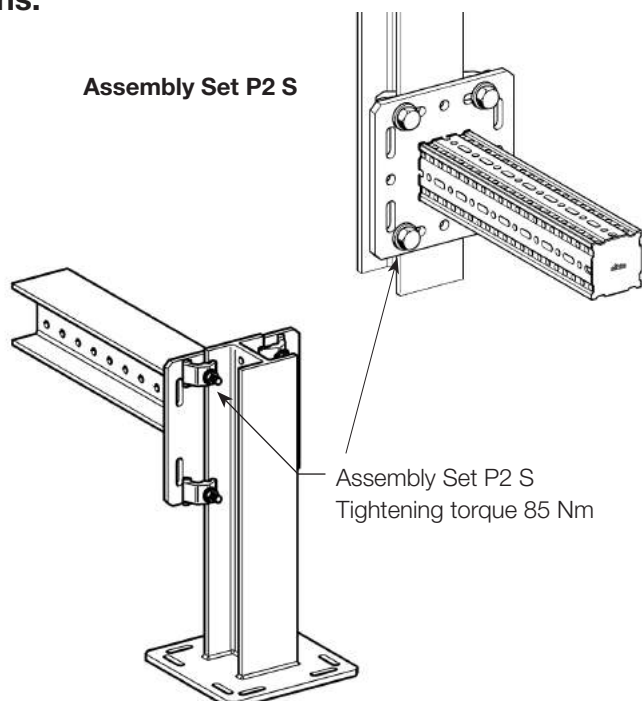
Sikla Beam Sections H 100 und H 120 are hot-dipped-galvanized as per DIN 50976 / DIN EN ISO 1461.

Tightening torque for typical connections:

Bracket Plates FV 100/120



Assembly Set P2 S



Connection to primary steel structure by Assembly Set P2 S and P3 S

